Historical Family Insights Related to William Cornelius MacDonald (1878-1957) Aulds Cove / Mulgrave NS

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INTRODUCTION

I am the Grandson of William (Billy) Cornelius MacDonald, my mother being Catherine Eileen MacDonald, youngest daughter of William C. and Catherine Sarah McDonald. For ease of understanding by those in the future, William C. lost his first wife in 1915 and remarried Mary Margaret McDonald in 1918.

Stories my mother would tell me of her growing up around Auld's Cove were thoughts that felt comfortable and have stayed with me over time. A number of years back, I decided to place the names of family members onto paper which led to the excitement of opening doors into the past to many interesting stories about the family as revealed thru deeds, wills & bits of genealogy here & there.

I've discovered many personal stories along the way that I'm happy to share but at the same time, I wasn't looking for doom or gloom - I'm able to share because events like deaths & shipwrecks got recorded.

The quest for the next ancestor has the excitement of cold case detective work when done properly, but for me the insight into their lives feels very rewarding. Sensing how they may have felt leaving their native Scotland or how they felt when tragedies struck, puts emotion into knowing your family. They were living people with families, just like ours. These emotions stir sentiments and a desire to discover more ancestors over time.

My research often goes laterally into the families of spouses, so there may be details in my research that get missed in this recording, focused somewhat around William C's lineage. Over time, additional chapters will share information on the lineage of those folks but in the meantime, I encourage anyone to ask me questions.

I should share some general comments for the benefit of anyone wanting to do research.

MacDonald & McDonald - On numerous occasions, I've seen the same person's name spelled both ways - it's a function of how it was written down over the years. So a MacDonald can be a McDonald. Same for O'Brien & its many derivations.

Expect to see various vital dates on Census / Church records. For a host of reasons, people would state their ages as they preferred or thought to be accurate, so it's not unusual to have a lady or gentleman suggesting they were 10 years younger than they actually were. Or times when those recording scribes simply mixed up a familiar name on a record.

Sometimes, family information passed down blends generations when names are similar. You have to sort thru that to get generations in order.

The Scots had a Traditional Naming Pattern that was predictable until about 1875. To a degree, this helps in predicting the name of an ancestor - a guideline but requires that you look at the possibilities from both family sides.

A lot of Scottish ancestry is recorded only orally - a challenge for a researcher when looking for common folks.

The Church was paramount in a Scot's life. When not destroyed by fire or disasters, church records are valuable sources of information.

Secondary sources like today's **Ancestry.com** can help but often have lineage postings not supported by documentation & can become misleading in accuracy.

Discovering Ancestors is an evolving process. Along the way you look for supporting documentation for the details of each generation to enable you to tell the family story. But you must always have an alertness for new details that can add or enable you to make adjustments to the generational information.

Chapter 1

William C MacDonald & Catherine Sarah McDonald

William C. MacDonald was born in 1878, Auld's Cove NS to parents John Neil MacDonald & Catherine O'Brien, the eldest of 11 brothers & sisters. (1)

Catherine Sarah McDonald was born in 1878, Auld's Cove NS to parents James McDonald & Catherine Ryan, a family of 9 brothers & sisters. (2)

William C & Catherine Sarah were married at St. Lawrence Parish, Mulgrave in 1905. (3)

In 1907, their first daughter, Mary Louise (m. Kawaja) was born followed by son James Leslie in 1908 & my mother, Catherine Eileen (m. Penton) in 1913.

In the 1911 census, we find William with Catherine Sarah, daughter Mary Louise & William's brother Mark living in Sydney NS, working as carpenters. (4) We know from his obituary that he returned to Mulgrave in 1911 to begin work with the railway.

In 1913, William bought the property on Church St. in Mulgrave to build his family home. (5) He & Catherine Sarah then arranged for a mortgage of \$700 to build their new house. (6)

Tragedy struck this young family. James Leslie contracted Meningitis & died suddenly at age 3 months in 1909. Catherine Sarah dies in 1915. She's pregnant while their new house is being built. She has a new baby in the house & surely scared about losing her baby after the death of their son James. She has a nervous breakdown, eventually dying from Mania Exhaustion. I'm pretty certain that the 1915 treatments for nervous breakdowns might worsen a condition instead of cure. There were no drugs; treatments were guesswork & physically damaging. Medicine was primitive by today's standards. Today we would call her condition Post-Partum Depression, something quite common with new mothers, with recognized medical treatments.

Sometimes I think about where their new house was - a graveyard next door, another across the street & their son James was buried in a little graveyard right behind the new house on Church Street. I wonder if this setting contributed to growing anxiety around the possibility of losing their new baby?

William is left a widower with 8 year old daughter Mary & baby Catherine Eileen & work that has him on the railway. He has a mortgage to pay & dependents. His parents, John Neil & Catherine O'Brien help by taking baby Catherine Eileen as their own to raise. William's sister Grace, who married latter in her life, stayed at home to help with the raising of Catherine (Katie) & the care of her parents. Mary remained at home in Mulgrave with her father's care, assisted by a Ryan family, who were related to both Catherine Sarah's mother & William C's father.

The 1921 Census shows William, Margaret, daughter Mary Louise & new baby Hyla living in the Church St. house along with William's brother James Leo. (7)

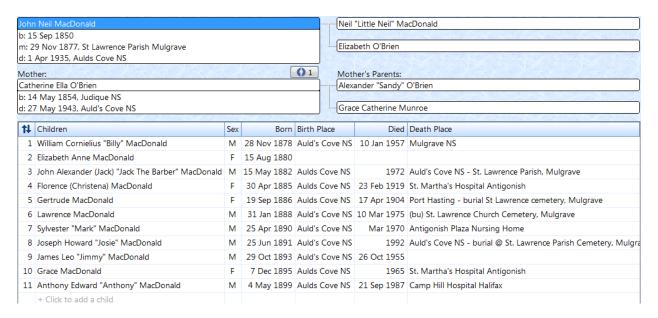
Catherine Sarah rests alongside her parents in the same Mulgrave Cemetery where William C. & Margaret rest in peace. (8 & 9)

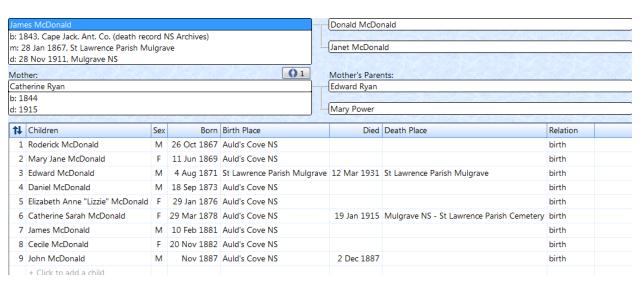
As a lead into Chapter 2, William C. attended a dance in nearby Tracadie, & as he told his brother Joe, he met the most wonderful girl at that dance. In Roberta's 2015 MacDonald Family Reunion Book, there's a picture of a pretty Mary Margaret & a handsome William C. - a striking couple.

Chapter 1

Notes & Attachments

1





Wm Cornelius Macdonald Nova Scotia Antigonish Catholic Diocese 1823–1905	residence:	28 Nov 1905	St. Lawrence, Mulgrave, Guysborough	parents: spouse:	John N Macdonald, Catherine O'Brien Catherine Sarah Macdonald
				name: gender: event type: event date: event place father: mother: spouse: digital fold number:	28 Nov 1905 St. Lawrence, Mulgrave, Guysborough, Nova Scotia, Canada John N Macdonald Catherine O'Brien Catherine Sarah Macdonald

Name:	Mary L Mcdonald				
Event Type:	Census				
Event Date:	1911				
Event Place:	Cape Breton South S	Sub-Districts 11-	39. Nova Scotia	. Canada	
Gender:	Female		•	•	
Age (Estimated):	6				
Marital Status:	Single				
Relationship to Head of Household:	Daughter				
Birth Date:	Sep 1905				
Birthplace:	Nova Scotia				
Household	Role		Gender	Age	Birthplace
William Mcdonald	Head		M		Nova Scotia
Catherine S Mcdonald	Wife		F		Nova Scotia
Mary L Mcdonald	Daughter		F		Nova Scotia
Vincent Carey	Lodger		M		Nova Scotia
Vincent Mcdonald	Lodger		M		Nova Scotia
Thomas Mcanderson	Lodger		M		Nova Scotia
Mark Mcdonald	Lodger		M		Nova Scotia
Joseph Mcneil	Lodger		M		Nova Scotia
District: Cape Breton South , Folder Number: 007526737 , I			22 , GS Film N	lumber: 00	2417682 , Digital

Deed
Mary Be Hadley to
William & M Donald Registered
on the 22 millar of May a. B. 1913
at the hour of 9 a. m. on the
certificate of Wind Wylde J. P.
S.J. Almoshu
Registrar

This Indinture made the twenty eighth day of April in the year of our bord one thousand wine hundred and theiten, Between Mary bee Hadley of Post Mulgrave, in the County of Supploro, and Province of Nova Scotia, widow hereinsfter called the grantor of the one part, and William Cornelius Me Donald of the said Port Mulgrave, in the County and Province aforesaid, hereinafter collect

the grantee, of the other part, Witnesseth that the soid granter for and in consideration of the sum of one hundred and twenty five dollars of lawful money of the Donisnion of Canada to the said grantor in hand well and traly paid by the said grantee at or before the sealing and delivery of these presents, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged has granted, bargained, sold, aliened, enforfed, released, remised, conveyed and confirmed, and by these presents does grant, bargain, sell, alien, enfoff, release, remise, convey and conform unto the said grantee his heirs and assigns, all thattertain lot pieceor parcel of land situate, lying and being at Fort Mulgrave in the County of Augsbors, in the Province of Mova Section, Sounded and described as follows; that is to say; bounded on the worth by lands of the said grantor; on the east by the lands of the said grantor, on the south by Church Street on the west by the Wethodist Church Cornetry; beginning at the south east angle of the said Methodist Clinich Cemetry thence running eastwardly along the northern boundary of the said Church Street fifty feet to a stake there placed, thence northwardy parallel with the eastern boundary of the said bemetry, one how eet, to a stake there placed, thence westwardly parallel with the. northern boundary of the said Church Street, fifty feet to the eastern boundary of the said Cemetry, thence southwardly along the eastern boundary of the said bemely, one bundred fat, to the place of beginn containing five thous and square feet, more or less, together with all and singular the brildings, easements, tenements, hereditament and appurtances to the same belonging, or in anywise appertaining, with the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, reats issurand profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title, interest, claims property and demand, both at law and in equity of her the said granter of, In, to or out of the same, or any part thereof. There and tohold, the said land and primises, with the appurtenances, and every part thereof, unto the said grantee, his hier and assigns to his and their ade use, benefit and behoof forwer and the said grantor for herself

Ab her heirs, executors and administrators, hereby covenants promises and agrees to and with the said grantee his heirs and assigns, in manner following that is to say! That it shall be lawful for the said grantie, his heir and assigns, from time to time and at all time hereofter, peaceably and quietly, to enter into the said land and premises, and to have, hold, occupy, possess and enjoy the same without the lawful let, suit, hindrance, eviction, devial or disturbance of, from or by the said granter or any purson or persons who mesower lawfully darning or to claim the same. and also that the said grantor has a good, sure, perfect and indifeasible estate of inheritance in fee simple in the said land and premises, and good right, full power and lawful authority, to selland convey the same, in manner and form as they are hereby sold and conveyed or mentioned and intended so to be, and that the same are free from incumbrances. And that she the said granter, her heirs, executors and administrators at the request and at the charges of the said grantee shall and will from time to time and all times hereafter execute or cause to be executed such further and other acts, conveyances, and assurance in the law for the better assuring to the said grantee his heirs and assigns of the land and premises above described in manner as above conveyed or mentioned and intended so to be as by the said grantor her heirs or assigns or her or their counsel learned in the law-shall be reasonably advised or required. and lastly that the eaid grantor, her hirs, the said land and pronues and every part thereof, unto the said grante his heirs, and assigns against the lawful claims of all persons whomsever, shall and will by these presents warrant and forever defend. In witners whereif the said parties to these presents have hereunto set their hands and reals the day and year first above written. Signed, Sealed and Delivered

in the presence of

So. B. Hadley

Mary Bee Hadley D

Province of Nova Scotial

On this 15 day of May a. O. 1913 before me the subscriber personally came and appeared & Botadley a subscribing witness to the foregoing Induluee, who having been by me duly sworn, needle outh and said that Mary Bee. Budley the party thereto, signed, sealed and delivered the same in his presence.

Win S. Wylde Justice of the Peace in and for the County of Trystoro

	<u> </u>	
	Mortgage	This Indenture made the twenty second day of July
	Wm. C. McDonald to	in the year four bord one thousand rine hundred
	John M Cachern Registered	and thirtien, Between William Cornelius M Donald
3	on the 28th day of July a.D.	and Batherine Im Donald his wife of Port Mulgrave
1	1913at the hour of 9a. m.on	in the county of Suysboro and Province of Nova
33	the certificate of Um Derish J. P.	Scotia of the one part, and John me Eachern of the
4 4	Dogemblu	said Port Mulgrave in the county and province
20 3	Registrar	aforesaid of the other part, Witnesseth that the
M. 31		Isald William Cornelius M Donald and Catherine
13/	Sarah his wife for and in co	nsideration of the sum of seven hundred dollars
113	of lawful money of the Dominic	on of Canada to the said William Cornelius
134	mosonald in hand wellan	d truly paid by the said John Mc Cachern at
3.33	or before the ensealing and	delivery of these presents, the receipt whereof is
47/2	hereby acknowledged have g	ranted, bargained, sold, aliened, enfosfed, released,
13	remised, conveyed and conf	broned; and by thereforesents do grant, bargain,
177	sell, alien, enfuff, release,	emise, convey and confirm unto the said John
(3 b	M. Machern Mis Theirs and	assigne, all that certain let, piece or parcel
911	a sand situate dying and	veling at fort Mulgrave in the country of Jugoboro
-63	in the Province of Nova Sco	tia bounded and described as follows: that is
1/3	to say: vounded on the nor	the bylands of Mary Bee Hadley, on the east
160	by land of Mary wee Hadle	4, on the south by Church Street, on the
34	west by the Methodist to he	wich bernetry, this being same landsonveyed
of &	by seed from Mary Dee Had	ley to William Cornelius in Donald, Deed being
1.6%	and from Markey 1	hove thousand nine hundred and thirteen
12.2	day of Many registered in a	he county of Guysboro on the twenty second
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bland profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title, interest, claim, property and demand, both at law and in equity of him the said William Cornelius M Donald of, in, to or out of the same, of any part thereof: Tohave and tohold the said land and premises with the appurtenances, and every part thereof, unto the said John M Cachern his heirs and assigns, to his and their sole use, benefit and behoof forwer. Troveded always, and these presents are upon the condition, and it is the true intent and meaning hereof, and of the parties hereunto, that if the said William Cornelius MDonald hisheirs, executors or administrators, do and shall well and truly pay or cause to be paid unto the said John mo backern his heirs, executors, administrators or essign, the just and full sum of seven hundred dollars with interest thereon at the rate of singler centum per ann as well after as before maturity, such interest to be faid in yearly payments in each and every year, until full payment of the whole principal and interest mentioned; then these presents and every matter and thing therein contained shallbe and become void, and of none effect, but thereize to remain in full force and vortee, and the said William Corneliu m Donald for his heirs, executor and administrators, covenant and agree with The said John M'Cachern his heir and assigns that he the said William Cornelius Me Donald his heirs, executors and administrators shall and will well and truly pay, or cause to be paid unto the said john motachern his heirs or assigned the just and full sum of seven hundred delars of lawful money aforesaid, with lawful interest for the same without delay or abalement, according to the true intent and meaning of these present. and also, that upombreach of any of the covenants and provisions herein contained, it shall and maybe lawful for the said John M. Cachern his hers and assigns, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, peaceably and quietly to enter into the said land and premises, and to have, hold, occupy possess and enjoy the same without the lawful let, suit, hindre eviction, denial or disturbance of, from or by the said William Cornelius me Donald or any person or persons whomsoever, lawfully claiming, or to claim the same. And also that the said William Cornelius Mc Donald has a good, sure, perfect and indefeaselle estate of inheritance, in fa simple, in the said land and premises, and good right, full Hower, and lawful authority, to sell and convey the same, in manner and form as they are hereby sold and convaped or mentioned, or intended so to be. and lastly, that the said William borndius me Donald his heirs, the said land and premises, and every part thereof, unto the said John m Eachern his heirs and assigns, against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever, shall and will by these presents warrant and forever defend. In witness whereof the parties to these present have hereunto their hands and seals set and affixed the day and year first above written. Signed, sealed and delivered William Cornelius M Donald in the presence of Catherine Sarah X m Donald 63 Joseph K. M Donald Trovince of Nova Scotia

Be it remembered that on this twenty second day of July 1913 before me, the subscriber, personally came and appeared batherine Sarah

M. Donald wife of William bornelius M. Donald mentioned in the foregoing indenture, who having been by me examined separate and apart from his said husband, did declare and acknowledge that she executed the said indenture, as and for her act and dud, frely and voluntarity without fair, threat or compelsion of, from or by her said husband, and for a full release of all her claims to the land thereindescribed.

William B. Vrish

Don this twenty second day of July ad. 1913 before me, the subscriber personally came and appeared Joseph H. M. Pornald the subscriber was to the foregoing Indenture, who having been by meduly sworm made with and said that William Cornelius M. Donald and Catherine Sarah M. Donald the parties thereto signed, realed and delivered the same in his presence.

William B. Vrish

Justice of the Place in and

for the county of Buysboro.

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Chapter 2

William C MacDonald & Mary Margaret McDonald

Mary Margaret was born 5 Jan. 1894 to parents Donald McDonald & Margaret Boyd of St. Peter's Parish, Tracadie NS. (1)

Margaret & William C. were married 19 Nov. 1918 at St. Peter's parish, Tracadie NS. (2)

Their family grew to 10 brothers & sisters (3) all living at the house on Church St. located where the present day St. Lawrence Parish Glebe is located. Daughter Mary lived at the house in her early years.

William C died in 1957. After the St. Lawrence Church fire in 1960, Margaret sold the house to the diocese. The house was moved temporarily across the street to make way for the new parish Glebe & church & later relocated to Middle St. where it was viewed during the 2015 Reunion. (For future generations, it's the house with the blue metal roof)

Family stories around William C & Margaret's life are fresh in the memories of children & grandchildren with first-hand experience & we enjoy these reflections in our conversations & reunions. The observations I can make are that education was high on the list of priorities for William C. & Margaret as evidenced by the accomplishments of their family. The Depression & War years would have presented these parents with challenges around scarcities & changing values. And centuries later, the strength of this family's relationship with the Catholic Church appears as important as it was when their Clanranald ancestors left Scotland under pressures to change their religion.

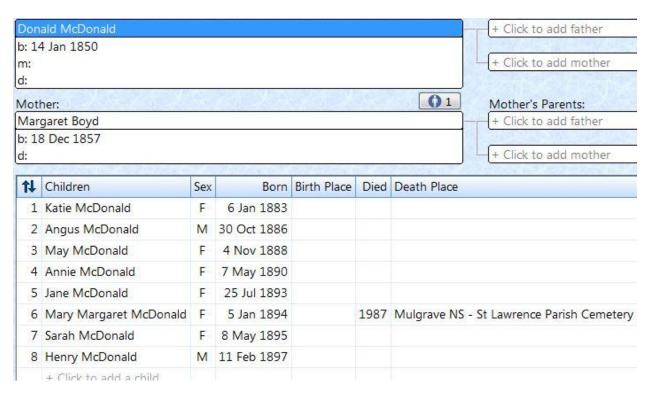
William C., like many Mulgrave area men, enjoyed long careers with the railway at a time when Mulgrave was the bustling terminus for coming & going to Cape Breton. But from stories my mother & his children would tell me, his passions were carpentry as evidenced by his own home still standing solid today & others he built around Mulgrave; by boats he would build or stairways he would craft. And of course fishing for sport. I'm told that sometimes he would be calling over to daughter Mary's checking to see if young Darryl was home from school yet so they could get going or Roberta wanting to join her father & brother Robert for a fishing trip to a nearby lake or stream.

A tidbit I can remember - William C, had a birthday coming - I can hear my mother even today, giving very strict instructions to my father - "go to Egan's & get the very best fly reel they have". Everyone knew he enjoyed fishing. I believe it was his time for reflections. I wish he was around today to show me his spots on the Monastery River or Morrison's Lake.

I'll share the tidbits of information on William & Margaret's children that have stayed with me from conversations. By no means are these their histories or the most important parts of their lives, but insights for future generations. Please feel free to contribute.

- Hyla served overseas in the 2nd WW in a MASH type unit (like the TV show) providing nursing care to wounded soldiers from both sides.
- Betty, husband Mike Kelly & Donald, for a number of years owned & operated the KELMAC Restaurant, making that Auld's Cove area the popular commercial area it is today.
- Anna met her husband while he served in the Navy in the Mulgrave area, moved to his native Sault Saint Marie & settled there.
- Sonny served in the Navy in WW2 & latter settled in the Sydney area as an electrician with the CNR.
- Leonard became an engineer working with the CNR & settled in Moncton. I'm told he bought his parents their 1st fridge coincidently with the brand name Leonard leaving his young sister Roberta so impressed, thinking it was his fridge. I remember a big white convertible with red interior & a cruise over to Port Hawkesbury.
- Like so many girls in the area at the time, Ruth chose nursing after attending Convent School in Mabou. Imagine her excitement leaving Mulgrave for Detroit and her nursing career. Ruth later settled in the Massachusetts area.
- Bernadette lived only a few days.
- Imagine William C's surprise when at age 60, he got news he was now father to twins Robert & Roberta. I think I remember being told he had a bottle stashed somewhere & that was an appropriate moment for a guzzle. Robert served with the armed services in Cyprus. He became a Dr. of Dentistry at Dalhousie, settling in Halifax. Roberta, I'm told broke a few hearts, went off to the New Jersey area to pursue a career in nursing & later settled in the Boston area.

Notes & Attachments Chapter 2



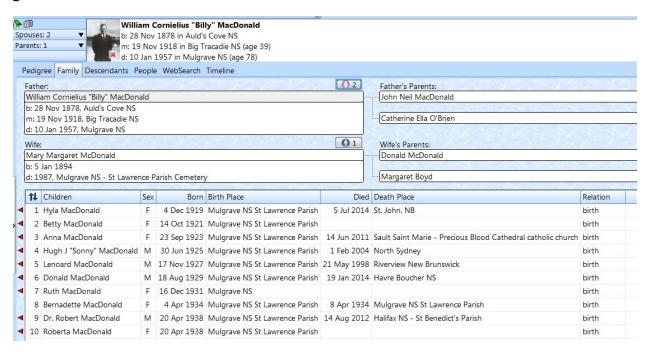
Province of Nova Scotia.

MARRIAGE REGISTER

	Nov. 10 1010
Date of Marriage	Nov. 19, 1918.
Place of Marriage	Macadie R)
County	Untegonesk
How Married; by License or Banna.	Bechno
Dates of Publication, if by Banns	nov. 3. 10, and 17.
Full name of Groom	William Cornelius McDonal
Age	47
Condition (Bachelor or Widower).3.	Backeld Nidowel
	Carhalie.
Religious Denomination	- Car mape etal
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Residence	Clubdo Core
Where Born	John M and Karkerine OB
Names of Parents	Farment
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Full name of Bride	Mangaret III Norther
Age	
Condition (Spinster or Widow)	
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3 Certify. That the marriage of the persons above named was duly celebrated by me at the time and place and in the manner stated in this Register.

Officiating Clergyman.



Chapter 3

William C.'s parents

John Neil MacDonald & Catherine O'Brien

John Neil MacDonald was born 1850 in Auld's Cove to parents "Little" Neil MacDonald & Elizabeth O'Brien.

Catherine (Kate) O'Brien was born 14 May 1854 in Creignish Rear on the Cape Breton side of the Strait to parents Alexander "Sandy" O'Brien & Grace Catherine Monroe. (1)

John Neil & Catherine were married 29 Nov 1877 (2) & William C., their first came along 364 days later on 28 Nov. 1878 - quite a special anniversary for John Neil & Kate!

William C.'s 10 brothers & sisters remained close-by throughout their lives.

The girls:

- Elizabeth Anne married Edward McQuarrie from Inverness CB in 1901.
- Florence married John Patrick Power from Auld's Cove, 13 Dec 1905, just 16 days after William C. & Catherine Sarah were married, so a busy time for John Neil & Kate.
 - o Tragedy struck Florence's family. She contracted the Spanish Flu raging in Antigonish & died 23 Feb 1919. By 12 March 1919, her husband, John Patrick Power also died from this flu. Five sons, ranging from ages 2 to 13 (Joe Power) were suddenly orphans under the care of their grandparents, John Neil & Catherine. Fortunately the Power family home was next door, enabling the boys to remain in their home under the care of their grandparents, their aunt Grace & other members of the family.
- Gertrude died in 1904 at only 17. While writing exams in Port Hastings, she came down with pneumonia, dying shortly afterwards.

• Grace married Edward DeCoste, 11 July 1941. Until married, she remained in her family home helping to care for her niece Catherine & perhaps a big sister role to the Power boys. Many of us have fond memories of her cozy home, her seamstress talents or delicious cookies.

The Guys

- Jack would stay with us when in Halifax for medical treatments in his later years. Always a shirt, tie & blue blazer but what I remember most was the way he stood so tall & rigid. He lived to be 90 with 12 children including twins.
- It was easy to tell that Josie & Jack were brothers by their similar appearances. Joseph lived to be 101.
- Many readers will remember visiting Joseph's home, now the Dive shop in Auld's Cove. Jack's house was next door once destroyed by fire & then rebuilt. The original family home site, occupied by John Neil & Anthony is explained in the section on the Family Homestead.
- Mark, William C., Jack, Joseph, Lawrence, Anthony & James Leo all worked for the railway a time when Mulgrave was the bustling ferry port for coming & going to Cape Breton.
- James Leo's valuable contribution in WW1 to the war efforts in Europe is chronicled on the Internet @

 http://guysboroughgreatwarveterans.blogspot.ca/2012/02/pte-james-leo-mcdonald-canadian.html. His experience with timber here helped the allies create bridgeworks in France in their efforts to win the Great War. In later years with the railway, trestles & bridges were his specialty. Just a couple of notes regarding the information on the blog the recruiter put his name on the Attestation papers as McDonald & it stayed that way during his service. Also it states his father as John Neil (Little Neil) John Neil was his father, Little Neil, his grandfather.

The Family Homestead

Beginning their married life, John Neil & Catherine obtained 116 acres on the 3^{RD} June 1878, from his maternal grandmother's son, William Strahan. William, aged 83 at the time came to live with John Neil, Catherine & baby William C.

What's left of the original parcel today is shown on the provincial graphic map (3) in the notes for this chapter. The house was located here. The blurry picture (4) is the only one I have before the house was removed to allow for the new highway. Some may remember its orangey color. For reference, it was diagonal from Grace's house occupied today by Joe Power's daughter Peggy @ # 14028, old Highway 4.

Before the railway was relocated, the property ran uninterrupted to the shore of the Strait of Canso. As a farmer & fisherman, John Neil had his fishing shed at the shore. In times before the causeway, the Strait was a funnel for fish moving between the ocean & the gulf - a productive fishery. Cash was short for the fishermen of the strait. But after putting away fish & produce from their fields, they would trade any surplus with local merchants or neighbors for other goods for family needs. Growing up in her grand-parent's house, my mother would describe to me, a barrel of molasses or a barrel of salt herring - a simpler & self-sufficient way of life.

When the time came along, John Neil passed the homestead to the care of his son Joseph in 1918 with the bond that he care for his parents, sister Grace & niece Catherine, all at home. (5)

Joseph later (Aug. 1934), due to his work commitments, passed his title & responsibilities for maintaining, to his youngest brother Anthony.

In Sept 1974, Anthony passed the remaining 3 acres left after expropriation for the highway, to William C.'s son Leonard, whose family owns it today.

In researching, I would hear the comment, "The MacDonald's from Auld's Cove have arrived." This referred to the arrival of John Neil & Kate, Grace & Katie sometimes by sleigh or carriage, perhaps accompanied by William C's brothers & their families, all arriving at William C. & Margaret's house in Mulgrave. My mother would tell me stories about bundling up under a bear skin rug in a sleigh heading out from Auld's Cove for mid-night Mass in Mulgrave. Imagine yourself today standing by the rail trestle that crosses the highway in Auld's Cove & measuring the trip in your mind up over Cape Porcupine all the way to Mulgrave. Quite a journey even now by car - imagine by horse drawn sleigh. But imagine the magic of the trip by moonlight. When they got there, I'm certain it was an embracing family event.

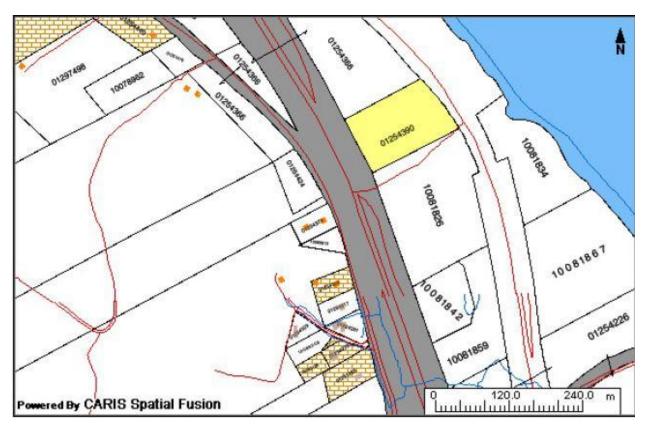
Catherine's O'Brien's family dates to the early settlement of the Strait on the Cape Breton side. (6) Her Grandfather, John O'Brien's original homestead is documented in the publication, My Cregnish Hills, by Floyd MacDonald - lot 69. (7)

In the latter part of the 1800's, men or their entire families would head to the north eastern US to work for wages, coming back in the wintery months. But many stayed - that was the case with many of Catherine O'Brien's brothers & sisters. (8) Even her father, Alexander (9) went to live with his family in Portsmouth NH but the pull of his native Cape Breton brought him back home.

Notes & Attachments Chapter 3

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was of, in or to the same. To House and to Hold the said alove granted and described land and premises with the appointenances unto and to the use of the said hanter his Heis and hesigns forever and the sound Trantors their Heris, Executors and administrators do herely owner and justbothe soud Trante his Heirs and assigns: - That the said Granton have a good, sure, perfect and undefeasible estate of inheritance in fee simple in the said Land and Premises and good right, full power and absolute authority, to grant and sorvey the come in manner and form aftresaid according to the time intent and meaning he rof and also that the said chantee and this Heir and assigns whall and may at all times hereafter peaceably and quetly hold and centry the said land and premies, with the appointanances, without hindrance a disturbance of, from a by the said Stanton or afrany person or persons, whomevever, lawfully alaining the same; a any part thereof. lind also that the said Granton, and then Heirs, the said land and premises, unto they said Chantee, his Heirs and assigns, against the lawful claims

Warrant and forever defend. In Witness where of the acord parties hereto have hereinto set their Hands and Seals the day and upanherein alwamitten and very served.

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Siver ree of Elova Scalia .

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Blonald, unfe of John In. Welo Donald, mentioned in the fregoing in Identure, who having been dy me drammed reported and apart from her said husband, did dealore and acknowledge that ist executed the vaid indenture as and for her free act and deed, freely and robintarily, without fear, threat a compulsion of from a by her said hushand, and for a full release of all the claims to therlands Therein described. James O. borbett, a hommissioner Ovornee of Uva Scotia] Eto; in and for the territy of linligon; Un this fourth day of april a. D. 1918, chefore me, the subscriber personally some and appeared, John P. Priver, the subscribing witness to the fregoing Indenture who having heen by me do Catherine Inchlonald of the puriles thereto, signed, souled and delivered the same in his processes James P Corbetts a Commissionerate in and fathe bounty of antigorish,

Looking back by Laken Delorey

It's hard to believe that we flipped our calendars to a new year and we are already half way through this month. With a new year, come new plans to make the Port Hastings Museum better and more interesting for visitors to come and experience.

If you were looking to make a new year's resolution and have not be able to come up with something, why not volunteer in your community? There are many great organizations within the Strait area, including the museum, that could always use another idea and set of hands to help. There are many areas within the museum that could be of interest to an individual, whether it is promotions, genealogy or displays.

Genealogy is one area that everyone can have a connection with; it truly is who you are.

The museum has a fair amount of genealogical information that can be found in census information from this area for 1811, 1822, 1838, 1871, 1881, 1891, and 1901. We also have Inverness County census material; the 1871 Plaister Cove census; the 1871 index for Richmond County; ship passenger rolls from 1791 in the Gut of Canso; birth records from central and western Cape Breton between 1820-1830; church records for 1917-1934 for St. David's Presbyterian Church, Port Hastings; obituaries from 1933 to the present; binders and file folders on Port Hastings families; family trees of area families; index cards for marriages, baptisms and cemetery records; house binders giving write-ups of older houses and families; a calendar of Cape Breton land grants filling 15 binders; petitions for land grants in the Gut of Canso from

1807–1827; index for deeds and records stored in Port Hood; and Port Hastings deeds and records.

The following is a sample of what can be found within our archives.

The O'Briens

In 1812 John O'Brien came to the Gut of Canso looking for land on lot 23. He was born in Ireland in 1792 and his wife Sarah was born in Scotland in 1795. John came to Nova Scotia in 1797 as a child and the family went to Halifax, where in his teens he served as an apprentice to a cooper.

By 1821 at the age of 25 he asked for land on lot 3 on the second range, at the second pond north of the Canso Straits where he resided on about 200 acres with his wife Sarah, They had a son Alexander and two daughters Mary and Sicily. The family lived in the general area of where the O'Brien homestead is today.

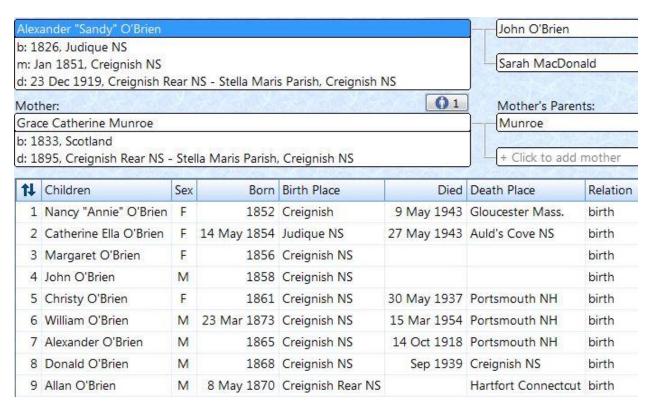
Alexander, born in 1836, was married to a woman named Grace, born in 1843. Their children were Nancy, Catherine, Margaret, John Alexander, Donald, Christy, Allan, and William.

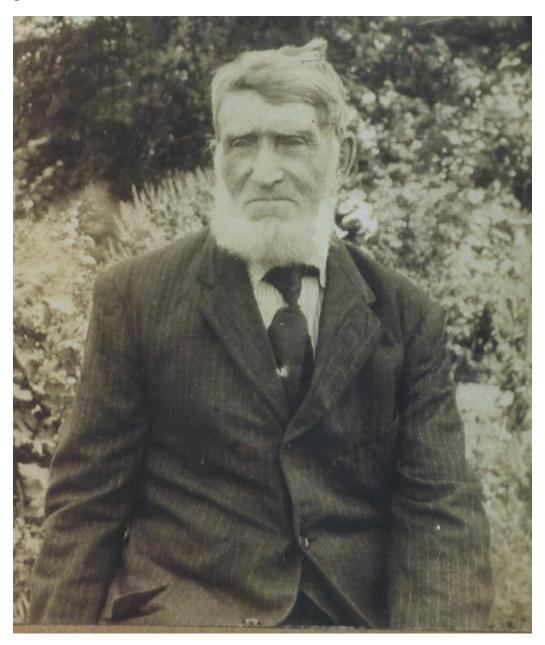
John O'Brien, the pioneer, using his tradesman abilities built the spinning wheel that still stands today at Sally (O'Brien) MacIsaac's house.

If you are interested in learning more about genealogy or would like to become involved with our society feel free to contact us through e-mail at: gutofcanso@ns.sympatico.ca.

This column is brought to you by the Port Hastings Historical Society. They can be reached at: gutofcanso@ns.sympatico.ca.







Chapter 4

"Little" Neil MacDonald & Elizabeth O'Brien John Neil MacDonald's Parents

The next generation back is "Little" Neil MacDonald married to Elizabeth O'Brien.

Little Neil was born C 1823 in the area known as Judique on the Cape Breton Side. Elizabeth O'Brien was born C 1823 in Little Tracadie NS.

I say approximately for their births because different dates show for them on different documents which is not unusual for the time. A birthday today is when we get a gift, a more definite time. Not so much back in another era when things were less often written down & more often just spoken about.

John Neil had 4 brothers & 3 sisters. (1)

For me, there are some amazing stories surrounding "Little Neil" & Elizabeth O'Brien.

I'll begin with Elizabeth who passed away, 11 June 1870 @ c. age 47. "Little" Neil & Elizabeth lived in Auld's Cove. Elizabeth's brother George, living in nearby Little Tracdie lost 5 children, ages 3, 5, 11, 12 & 13 to Scarlet Fever between the 7th & 13th March, 1870. (2) I have no doubt she helped her brother during this crisis, only to catch the disease herself & die a few months later, leaving Little Neil a widower with a younger family. He never remarried.

Elizabeth's father, John O'Brien was married to Ann Strahan. "The Story of Auld's Cove" dates their marriage as 1820 with Ann passing away that same year. Just as my mother did, baby Elizabeth O'Brien went to live with her widowed Grandmother Elizabeth Strahan & her uncle, William Strahan in Auld's Cove. The Strahan property was adjacent to Little Neil's parents, so Little Neil & Elizabeth didn't have to travel far to meet & marry.

Elizabeth's father, John O'Brien was the son of Michael O'Brien. In 1784, Michael O'Brien received a grant of 100 acres from the crown. His land was a portion of the Hierlihy Grant given to members of the Nova Scotia Volunteers upon the disbandment of that regiment. Qualification for the grant were 10 years of Military service to the British Crown. Michael was a private, age 30 at the time of his land grant in Little Tracadie. Heirlihy's regiment saw active service in the American Revolution, later removing to Nova Scotia, providing defence duties here & on PEI as a deterrent to any possible invasion or incursions on British held North America. Michael's land grant passed to his son, John O'Brien in 1819. On John's passing in 1864, the land passed to his son George. Little Neil & Elizabeth along with her step brother John & sister Ann are signatories to this transfer in 1864.

I don't believe "Little Neil"s name had anything to do with his physical stature. His father was Neil. There was another Neil in Auld's Cove at the time known as "Big Neil". So handles got applied to distinguish all these Neils. When the Scots followed their naming pattern and a child was due to be called Neil, John or Mary, a nickname was often added for distingsion.

The Ship Katie

As with Catherine O'Brien's family, tradition had many families spending summer months in places like Gloucester Mass. or Portsmouth NH working for wages on shore or sailing from those ports for the various fishing banks. I recently read that it wasn't unusual to have 60% of the population gone in the summer months.

On April 2, 1876, the schooner Katie sailed from Mulgrave heading for Gloucester. On board were Little Neil's Daughter, Ann (Mrs. John O'Brien) & 3 grandsons, John age 6, Neil age 5 & 2 year old Alex O'Brien. Also on board was Little Neil's brother-in law, Edward Ryan married to his sister Ann. The gear belonging to Little Neil's sons William & Neil was also on board but the boys went to Sunday morning Mass with their plan to take the next vessel heading to Gloucester if necessary.

On April 4, all on board the Katie were lost when the vessel sunk in a gale off Sable Island. Imagine the shock to Little Neil! (3)

Son Neil who missed fate on the Katie, was lost a few years later when the schooner Nathan Philips out of Gloucester went down on the Gloucester Banks, 7 Oct. 1876.

In the little cemetery across the road from St. Lawrence's church, perhaps the largest memorial stone is for William MacDonald & his wife Ella.

The loss of family lives on the Katie was enough to make 25 year old William quit the sea. In 1878, the family gave him 50 acres of their property to start his life ashore. Eventually, William moved to Mulgrave, becoming a very successful merchant. In 1917, William gave his 50 acres in Auld's Cove to his brother John Neil.

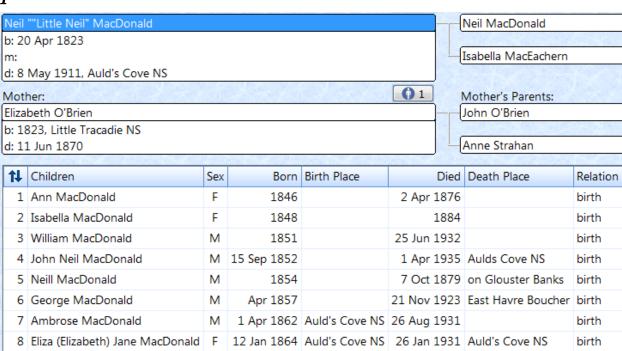
William married Ella Grant in 1896 at age 43. Without children of his own, William contributed towards the support & education of his nephews. Having had the privilege of reviewing his 1932 will, I can say he gave the entirety of his substantial estate towards the support of the Diocese of Antigonish & towards missionary & educational church endeavours across the country. In a way, the size of his monument reflects the magnitude of his generosity towards causes he considered worthy. Be sure to view his memorial. He was a very astute & generous business man from a bustling Mulgrave.

We've touched on Little Neil's children, William, John Neil, Ann & Neil. For the others, Isabella died single at only 36. George lost his first wife, Christina MacDonald after only 9 years in 1891 & remarried, remaining in the area throughout his days. Ambrose & Elizabeth Jane (sis) remained home unmarried, carrying for Little Neil, their farm & enjoying the company of nearby family members. Upon Ambrose's passing in 1931, without direct heirs, he donated the property to St. Lawrence Church in Mulgrave. (4)

If you enter the road leading to the Cove Motel, you'll cross a small stream flowing towards the pond. Where the stream enters the pond, marks one of the corners of the original Neil MacDonald property in Auld's Cove encompassing much of the commercial area around the pond today.

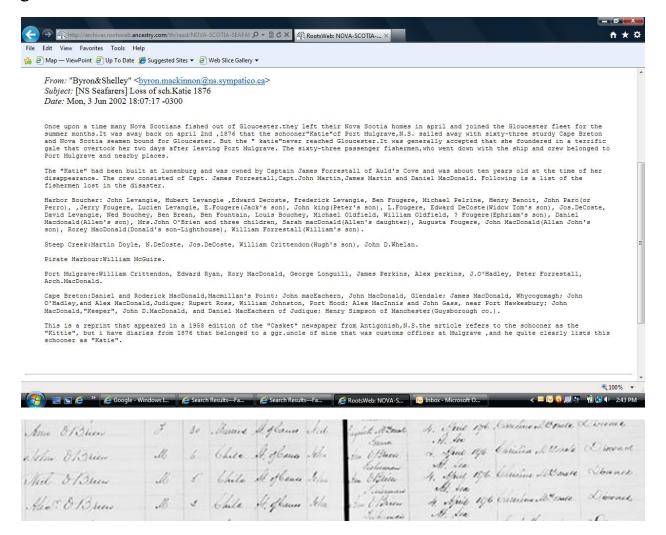
By coincidence, later family members, including William C's wife Margaret lived on land fronting the pond, the site of the original 200 acre Neil MacDonald property.

Chapter 4 Notes & Attachments



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Elizabeth O'Brrien's 5 nephews & neices died within a week.

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Copy of Will: Ambrose McDonald TO St. Lawrence Catholic Church.

Reg. 3. P. M. 8th. March 1932, Certificate of Angus T. Mac Donald, In the name of the Registrar.

This my last testament; Being of sound mind I wish to dispose of my property situated at Auld's Cove, Antigonish Co. N.S. as follows: The land I own must be sold and the proceeds therefore given for the benefit of the Catholic Church Saint Lawrence, Port Mulgrave, Nova Scotia, The house and barn to be sold with the land. The movable property I own will be sold and the proceeds given to the parish priest of Port Mulgrave who will have Masses offered for me. I appoint William MacDonald my brother as executor of my Will.

Ambrose MacDonald.

Witnesses. W. M. Roberts.

Patrick A. LeBlanc.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of the Will of Ambrose MacDonald, proved, approved, and recorded in the Registry of the Court.

Angus T. MacDonald, Registrar.

Chapter 5

Neíl MacDonald & Isabella McEachern

The next generation back, or Little Neil's parents were Neil MacDonald married to Isabella McEachern.

When I began research, there was little family knowledge around Little Neil's siblings & no naming of his parents other than mention that he was born in Judique, had a sister known as Kitty & had lost a sister in the Halifax Explosion & this only from fading memories on a note from the 1930's.

Deeds, Wills, Census, Antigonish Diocese Records, various publications & the use of the Scots' traditional naming pattern enabled me to establish Little Neil's parents as Neil MacDonald & Isabella MacEachern. At this point with certainty, I can state his sisters were Ann married to Edward Ryan, Catherine married to Donald MacDonald, Isabella, Mary married to James Squires & I continue to work towards the details of at least 2 older brothers for Little Neil & his sisters.

Colin Purcell's book, "The Auld's Cove Story" lists Neil & Neil Jr. (Little Neil) among the first settlers. (1) The 1838 Census shows the household of Neil MacDonald & Isabella so we know that Neil & his family had moved to the western side of the Strait prior to 1838. In discussions around this, I can say that there were 3 Neil MacDonald's in Auld's Cove at this time. Our Neil MacDonald, his son, Little Neil & another known in latter documents as "Big Neil" for distinction. This Neil, son of Archibald, doesn't begin his family until 1849 leaving our Neil, as the only candidate among the Neil's for listing as head of household in the 1838 Census.

Mary, the last of their children, was born in 1837. Mary is mentioned in the will of her nephew, William MacDonald, Little Neil's son. William's will also mentions his Grandmother, or Mary's mother, Isabella. Mary's married name is Mary Squires, living in Halifax, widowed at the time of the Halifax explosion.

Unfortunately, Mary, her daughter-in-law Margaret & 4 of her son Vincent's children were all killed with suddenness in this horrific 1917 event. Their deaths are recorded in the Halifax Explosion Book of Remembrance (Mary Squires) where you'll see the notation that her son Vincent had to identify his family as charred remains. (2) They lived close to ground zero in the city's North End, where the explosive laden ships collided.

Catherine married Donald MacDonald, also of Auld's Cove in 1857. She was 19 years his Jr. They remained in Auld's Cove raising their family. (3) Catherine lived to be 87 & living with her son Duncan at Havre Boucher at the time of the 1911 Census. Anthony had at least an awareness of Catherine (Kitty) & Mary in his 1930's notes.

Ann became widowed in 1876 when she lost her husband Edward Ryan with the tragic loss of the vessel Katie discussed in the family of Little Neil, Chapter 4. Courageously, she remained a widow, maintaining her family (4) among her relatives in St. Lawrence parish, Mulgrave until her death in 1897.

Auld's Cove was a small world & connections with other generations were inevitable. Ann's husband, Edward Ryan lost his first wife, Mary Power. Mary would be an ancestor to the Powers who in later generations married John Neil's daughter Florence. (Joe Power)

With 3 daughters identified, the Traditional Naming Pattern indicates that Neil & Isabella also have a daughter named after Isabella as mother. Tracing Mary's life in Halifax, I found Mary living with Isabella in the 1871 Census. (5) How the girls ended up in Halifax or the other details around Isabella's life are all interesting events in the process of being discovered at the time of this writing.

Parents of Scottish descent prior to roughly 1875 named their first son after either the maternal or paternal grandfather. If the paternal side was chosen first, it follows that the maternal grandfather's name would be the name for the 2nd son & then the 3rd son would be named after his father. Little Neil was named after his father Neil, indicating he has 2 older brothers. When we look at the name John showing in the families of Little Neil, Catherine & Ann, it can be concluded that John was Neil MacDonald's father. With Little Neil & his sister Catherine being born in the Judique area, it was John, Neil's father that was the original progenitor of our MacDonald line that came to Cape Breton from Scotland in the late 1790's making him among the original Scots to settle the area.

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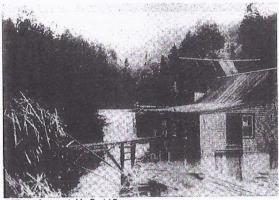
Chapter 5 Notes and Attachments



First Permanent Settlers

The Crown redeemed the lands in the south of the community, because those receiving them did not fulfill the conditions laid down, namely, building a residence on the land and clearing several acres a year. These original owner returned to England. Through the first part of the nineteenth century these same lands were gradually acquired by Alexander Auld, John, James, and Henry O'Neil, Edward and Patrick Forrestall, Moses Stafford at the Fair Ashberry Strachan, John Ryan, Edward Ryan, and James MacMullen.

The north section remained unsettled as well. The Crown recemed these lands and granted them anew to Richard Morris and six members of his family By the early 1800s these lands were settled by Archie (the tailor) MacDonald



Mill complex operated by Daniel Berry.

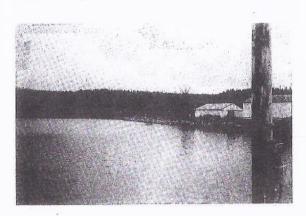
Elizabeth Strachan and her sons George and Angus, John Connets, William Irving, Patrick Power, and his son John, William Harvey, Neil MacDonald and his son Neil Jr., Caleb Talbot and his son Lewis, John MacDonald, and Malcolm MacAskill.

The first saw mill was built in Auld's Cove (then Porcupine Cove) in the 1790s, possibly by Captain Hotham. In 1822 Alexander Auld had a grist mill as well as a saw mill in the same location. Daniel Berry purchased this mill and added a carding mill. This large complex operated until 1930, and sawed lumber, ground grain, and carded wool for customers from as far away as Arichat. For twenty years (1860s-1880s) Ashberry Strachan operated a lumber mill on Morrison's Brook at the Fair.

In 1935, near the lake which bears his name, a sawmill was operated by a Mr. Beard, back of Auld's Cove. The Great Depression caused it to cease operation.

Two other lakes in the area are named for the owners of the adjoining property. MacMullen's Lake at the Fair and Dan's Lake, named for Daniel MacAskill.

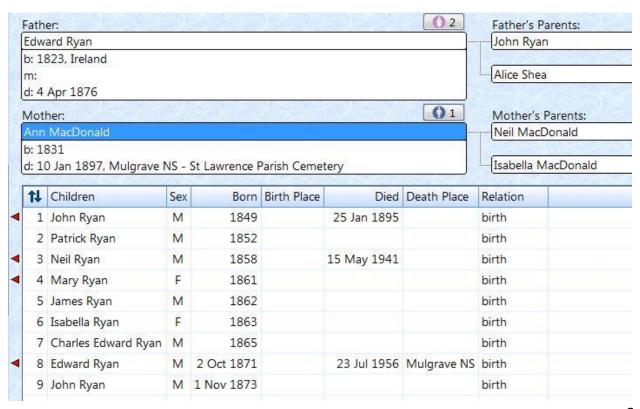
From the information available, it seems that the first permanent settlers at Auld's Cove were Alexander Auld, Archie MacDonald, and Elizabeth Strachan. With the establishment of the first postal way-office in 1841, the name changed from Archie's Pond to Auld's Gut of Canso and again in 1847 to Forrestall's Gut of Canso when the way-office was moved to the Forrestall home. For some years it was also called Forrestall's Ferry.



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Chapter 6

DNA Revelations

Neil & Isabella were beginning their married life in the early 1800's in the area then known as Judique. In this timeline, it's considered a sacred duty to be able to recite the "**Slionneached**" or family tree, the traditional way of passing on ancestral information to future generations - a Scottish family ritual soon to disappear. Because of this Oral tradition, there's very little recorded for these early Scots in Nova Scotia. On top of that, our next male MacDonald generation back had the common name of John MacDonald. I turned to **YDNA** testing for help.

DNA testing comes in various formats. I chose YDNA testing - a measure of the genetic makeup of Males at various genetic marker levels.

- The genetic makeup of a father & son are the same; brothers are the same; the sons of brothers will be the same & so forth, back & forward thru time. Males of a family lineage have the same YDNA genetic makeup.
- A slight genetic difference is possible between father & son 1 or 2 markers known as mutations. Sometimes the mutations revert but for the same family, the genetic difference will be very little. For example, my test was done using James Leo's son, Ralph. Mark MacDonald's grandson was also tested. The male lineage relationship is known but they had a genetic difference of 2 at the 37 marker measurement.
- The number of genetic markers tested is also important. Males with a genetic difference of zero to 2 measured at 12 markers can have a larger genetic difference when measured at 37 or 67 markers. This means they can be related males but as the genetic difference increases, the timeline for sharing a common ancestor goes further back into history.

- The test result chart (1) may help with an overall understanding. If you can connect with someone at 67 markers with a genetic difference of 1 or 2, you have males with the same family connection in relatively recent times.
- My interest was connecting to ancestors of recent times. My testing was run at the highest marker count in hopes of connecting to others with similar YDNA test results & with a paper trail for their ancestors back to Scotland.

YDNA has produced some surprises.

Our MacDonald's match with **John Howard MacDonald**, whose family arrived in Australia in 1838 from Loch Moidart, Scotland. At 67 markers, his genetic difference to my test was 1 - that's even closer than the match between Mark's grandson & is the same as James Leo's son. John Howard MacDonald's lineage is the same male MacDonald lineage as ours. John Howard's family has provided me with their ancestral information (2). I have John Howard's complete Family Tree - 49 pgs. listing all our Australian cousins.

In 1838, Donald MacDonald & his expecting wife, Marcella, left Scotland from the Port of Tobomory aboard the ship, British King, headed for resettlement in Australia.

Donald was the son of Angus MacDonald married to Mary Corbett from Porta Bhata on the shores of Loch Moidart, within full view of Castle Tioram, the ancestral home of the Clan Ranald's. MacDonald's with Auld's Cove connections may be familiar with the name Corbett & can now recognize that connection back to our ancestral homeland.

Donald & Marcella left Scotland at a time known as "The Clearances"; a time when landowners wanted their tenant farmers gone, replacing them with what they felt was a more profitable enterprise, sheep farming, to feed the growing wool mills of industrial England.

But our Neil MacDonald & Isabella were already in Cape Breton with their families' decades before 1838.

Our MacDonald's left their Scotland & family members like Angus and Mary at Porta Bhata much earlier. They left at a time when they were under pressure to change their religion. But, for a Catholic Highlander that was not an easy conversion. They had fought at Culloden over this & with the British victory over the Highlanders who had rallied behind the poorly organized Prince Charlie, the pressure was on for those Catholics on the Clan Ranald estates to convert. While they struggled to make a living with imposed changes to the land tack system that had allowed them to be self-sufficient, for many, the added pressure to change their religion was too much.

The Catholic Church took steps that encouraged & helped finance emigration. A portion of PEI was organized & prepared to receive Catholic Emigrants. The story of the Glenaladale Settlement in 1772 is well documented. The flow of emigration by Catholic Highlanders to PEI peaked in the 1790's & finally the Govt. passed the Passenger Act of 1803 to stem the flow of emigrants to satisfy landlord cries that they were losing too much income from lost tenant rents.

John, known as John MacDonald of the 15th Regiment Afoot was the Grandfather of Marcella above, who went to Australia in 1838. After Culloden, the British encouraged those fierce Highlanders to enlist in their army, an attractive option to a man starving or being hunted. John MacDonald of the 15th Regiment represents those men that took that option. He served at the capture of Louisburg & in battle on the Plains of Abraham at the fall of Quebec. Injured, he returned to Scotland to enjoy a pension, a luxury compared to the scraping for survival of other Highlanders. John's stories to his Highland family & friends about a new world with the opportunity to own land would have contributed to the enthusiasm of the Catholic Highlanders, anxious for land of their own & freedom from oppression.

Those emigrating at this time, had the opportunity to organize the sale of their possessions. These voyages weren't the horrific jammed journeys without sufficient food described in later periods of forced emigration.

The trips were relatively fast with arrivals planned for the best season & with the basics of provisions. Still, there were tears shed by those leaving their homeland & by those remaining behind with the realization they may never see each other again.

I'll leave off on John Howard's family by saying they hung on in Scotland until they no longer had the choice. And what a surprise finding our male MacDonald line in Australia.

The next surprise was discovering **Stephen Francis MacDonald** with the same genetic makeup as our MacDonald's, living in the **Boston** area.

His YDNA testing at 67 markers has a Genetic difference of only 1 to my test results for James Leo's son, Ralph & an exact match for John Howard MacDonald in Australia. Stephen MacDonald has the same genetic makeup as our MacDonald lineage. Patricia MacDonald, sister of Stephen's father married Emery King & their son, Richard King, living in Florida, actively pursues his MacDonald genealogy.

Stephen & Richard's ancestry traces back to the Arisaig area of NS in the early 1790's. Deeds, will's, Antigonish Diocese Records & personal views of local parish BMD records have enabled me to complete the generational families for Stephen/Rick's lineage back to Boston (3).

The first Catholic Church established in NS was St. Margaret's of Scotland, 1790/92 at Arisaig NS. Among the first Parish settlers were 4 MacDonald's who took land grants in Malignant Brook - brothers or first cousins - Donald, Alexander, John & Duncan. (4) Stephen & Rick trace to Pioneer Donald.

These Pioneers followed the route established for Catholic Highlanders from the Clan Ranald Estates to PEI, staying initially with friends or relatives already arrived.

There's a hint their father was Alexander & they may have travelled with him but regardless, these men were soon wanting their own land, a reason for enduring the hardships of leaving their native Scotland along with family & friends.

Arisaig is closely situated across the Northumberland Strait from that portion of PEI organized to receive the Catholic Highlanders at the time of the Glenaladale Settlement; an easy boat ride on a sunny day. PEI lots filled & these Highlanders could see today's Arisaig area & the Cape Breton shore - land available to them in grants.

Malignant Cove is adjacent to Arisaig, & Malignant Brook (Maryvale today) where our ancestors had their grants is a minute up the Brook from the shore at Malignant Cove.

Malignant Brook would play an important role in any new settlement with the water flow from the brook powering their early flour & saw mills. The brook provided fresh water for their farms & perhaps an occasional trout or salmon, treats they enjoyed from the River Sheil emptying into Loch Moidart at Porta Bhata back in Scotland.

Just a little way out from the shore at Malignant Cove they would see Judique on the Cape Breton shore where other catholic highlanders, leaving PEI were settling at the same time.

The first priest for these Catholic Highlanders settling in NS was Fr. Angus Bernard MacEachern who came with the first arrivals to PEI in 1772. Later as Bishop MacEachern, he would travel the triangle over water from today's Charlottetown to Arisaig then to Judique to serve the pastoral care of his parishioners including his 3 sisters & brother who had settled in Judique. Communities would continue to spring up with new churches as families grew.

Pioneers Donald and **Alexander** remained in **Malignant Brook** raising their families (5). **Pioneers, John** and **Duncan** moved on to **Judique** before 1804, selling their 500 acre grant to a local merchant, Edward Irish (6). The records for the families of Pioneers Donald & Alexander trace their lives in Malignant Brook but all traces of Pioneers John & Duncan disappear from the Arisaig area parishes with their move over to the Cape Breton side.

YDNA links our Neil MacDonald & Isabella, living in today's Auld's Cove before 1838 to Pioneer Donald at Malignant Brook. Records link Pioneers Donald, Alexander, John & Duncan & show that John & Duncan have sold their grant of 500 acres in Malignant Brook & are living in Cape Breton before 1804. The names in the families of the children of Neil & Isabella indicate that John is Neil's father & Pioneer John is related to Pioneer Donald back at Malignant Brook.

The connection of our MacDonald's from Auld's Cove / Judique with those from the Arisaig area wasn't known until it came to light thru YDNA testing.

The early Deeds indicate these Pioneers couldn't write - they mark their signatures with an "X". Although not far across the water in miles, it was a time consuming trip in an open sailboat, if they had one. Men farmed hard to feed their families 6 days a week with a little time off on Sundays for church but still with basic animal chores even on Sundays. Roads were yet to be built. There wasn't any postal service. Perhaps they shared messages thru the priests' travels but over generations, without writing or easy travel, appreciate how connections would fade between the families of Pioneers Donald & Alexander in Malignant Brook & Pioneers John & Duncan in Judique until science came along to reunite our connections.

Those familiar the land around Judique & area know that near the shore the land is flat but starts to slope rapidly upward, mountainous by NS standards, running roughly like that from Creignish through to the heights of the Cabot Trail. These back lands were known as "ranges", & settled by later arrivals; i.e. Judique Rear, Creignish Rear. To the sons of the first settlers the relatively flat land on the shore only a mile or so away, directly across the Strait on the Nova Scotia side must have appeared much more appealing & ready for homesteading than the mountainous areas behind their fathers' farms.

The original land grants for Auld's Cove are dated 1830 to Donald, John, Duncan, Angus MacDonald & John O'Brien (7). These men joined John, Angus & Archibald MacDonald already living there. Although their grants are official in 1830, their farms are already established & mapped by that time, in fact they're all showing in an 1817 Havre Boucher census of residents, making them the first settlers in the area.

In this generation of settlers, Deed records tell me that John & Duncan are related. These & the other names have a familiar ring to those we know in Arisaig & Scotland. I still have dots to connect, but I believe among these Auld's Cove men are the sons of Pioneers John & Duncan in Judique.

When Neil MacDonald & Isabella MacEachern and their family moved to the NS side in Auld's Cove, prior to 1838, they were joining Neil's brothers already located there.

If you're curious where Neil's farm may be located, you'll see on the map a grant for Morris. That land went from Morris to MacLean's, then to Neil, then to Little Neil, roughly where the Kelmac restaurant was located.

Of course there are dots still to connect. Pioneer John's land sale in 1804 mentions his heirs. Neil MacDonald had siblings & I want to satisfy myself on the names within his family. But at this point we're back at the generational level of the first Catholic Highland settlers in the Judique area. The population is small & I'm in hopes of sorting for good results & will update this writing.

But for now, there's a comfort in knowing the origins of our MacDonald ancestors who emigrated to NS so long ago & to have knowledge that Pioneers Donald, Alexander, John & Duncan were saying good bye to other family members on the Clan Ranald Estate at Loch Moidart, Scotland.

In the Generations Document (8), under Dennis, represents the male MacDonald lineage of William C. MacDonald. Under Stephen & Richard is the linage from Pioneer Donald at Arisaig with the same genetic makeup as William C. MacDonald. Then you have John Howard's ancestors back to Loch Moidart, Scotland. Across, the men are aligned by generations with the bottom line showing the Pioneers arriving here & their brother/1st cousin Angus Mor, back in Scotland.

This excerpt from Robbie Burn's "Such a Parcel of Rogues in a Nation" seems a fitting tribute to the diaspora of Scots from their homeland so Landlords could gain money to play like their English friends.

"O would, or I had seen the day that Treason thus could sell us, my auld grey head had lien in clay, Wi' Bruce and loyal Wallace! But pith and power, till my last hour, I'll make this declaration; we're bought and sold for English gold-Such a parcel of rogues in a nation!"

Chapter 6

Notes & Attachments

1

Expected Relationships with Y-DNA STR Matches

The expected relationship between you and your Y-chromosome DNA (Y-DNA) match is dependent on both the number of markers you have tested and the genetic distance. The chart below shows the interpretation of your relationship at each testing level (Y-DNA12, Y-DNA37, etc.) for relevant genetic distances.

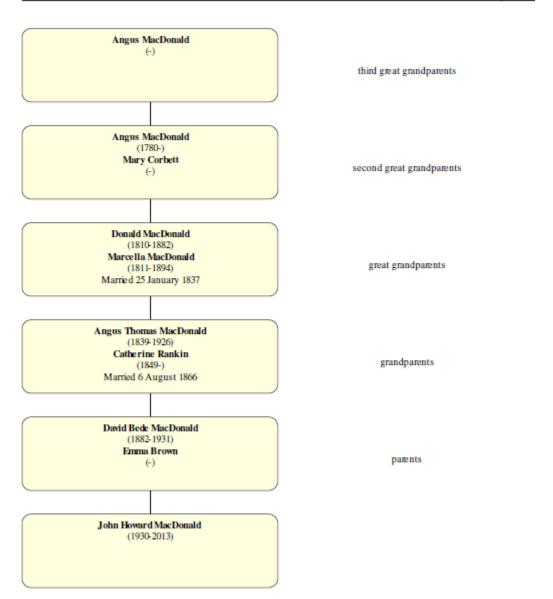
For example, if you and your match have both tested at the Y-DNA37 level and are a 36/37 match, this is a genetic distance of one. You are then considered tightly related.

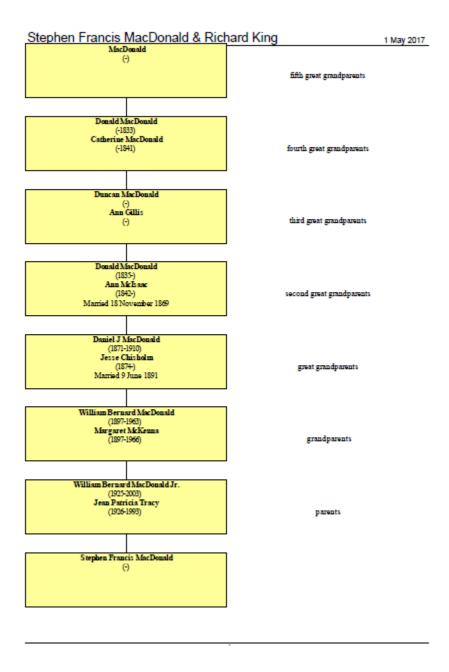
	Y- DNA12	Y- DNA25	Y- DNA37	Y- DNA67	Y- DNA111	Interpretation
Very Tightly Related	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	Your exact match means your relatedness is extremely close. Few people achieve this close level of a match. All confidence levels are well within the time frame that surnames were adopted in Western Europe.
Tightly Related	N/A	N/A	1	1-2	1-2	Few people achieve this close level of a match. All confidence levels are well within the time frame that surnames were adopted in Western Europe.
Related	0	0-1	2-3	3-4		Your degree of matching is within the range of most well-established surname lineages in Western Europe. If you have tested with the Y-DNA12 or Y-DNA25 test, you should consider upgrading to additional STR markers. Doing so will improve your time to common ancestor calculations.
Probably Related	1	2	4	5-6	6-7	Without additional evidence, it is unlikely that you share a common ancestor in recent genealogical times (one to six generations). You may have a connection in more distant genealogical times (less than 15 generations). If you have traditional genealogy records that indicate a relationship, then by testing additional individuals you will either prove or disprove the connection.
Only Possibly Related	2	3	5	7		It is unlikely that you share a common ancestor in genealogical times (one to 15 generations). Should you have traditional genealogy records that indicate a relationship, then by testing additional individuals you will either prove or disprove the connection. A careful review of your genealogical records is also recommended.
Not Related	3	4	6	>7	>10	You are not related on your Y-chromosome lineage within recent or distant genealogical times (one to 15 generations).

2

John Howard MacDonald

1 May 2017





4

MARYVALE, Antigonish County

Settlement N.W. of Antigonish.

Known as Malignant Brook because of its location on this brook until the name was changed to Maryvale by statute in 1871.

Among the early settlers were Allan MacDonald and John McGillivray, piper, son of Andrew McGillivray of Dunmaglass, and Roderick McDougall (Ruaridh Cleireach). Among the first grantees in the district were Donald and John Cameron, Angus Boyd, Hugh and Angus McDonald, Archibald McDougald, John Gillis, Sr. Hugh and John McGilvray, Roderick McDougald, Donald, John, Alex and Duncan McDonald. Robert Murray and Alexander Chisholm. Ronald McKinnon son of John McKinnon, pioneer, bought two hundred acres of forest land at Malignant Brook from a soldier named Angus Boyd and with the assistance of his wife built a log shelter in the wilderness.

Alexander McDonald was teaching at Malignant Brook in 1828 and later John MacGillivray, piper, was teaching in the old log schoolhouse where one of his pupils was Ronald McDonald, later Roman Catholic Bishop of Harbor Grace, Newfoundland.

The first log school was located on what was called the Old Gulf Road, but other school-houses were built on the west side of the brook. In 1887 the school district was named Maryvale. The North Shore Consolidated School was built in the section in 1963.

James G. Ross was postal way office keeper in 1871.

In 1898 the settlement had one church and one store and a population of 170.

The population in 1956 was 87.

Source: "Place-names and Places of Nova Scotia" originally published by the Public Archives of Nova Scotia in 1967. Second edition published by Mika Publishing Co. in 1974.

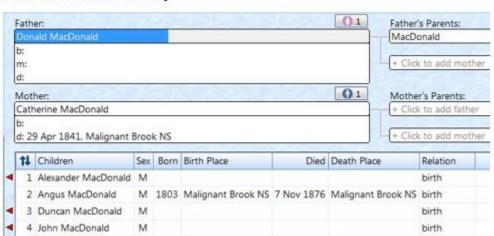
5 Malignant Brook Pioneers – Donald's family



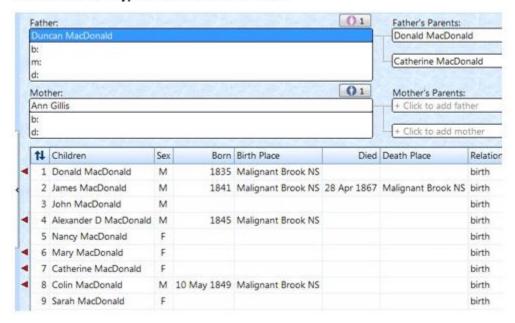
Notes & Attachments Chapter 6 Cont.

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Pioneer Donald's Family

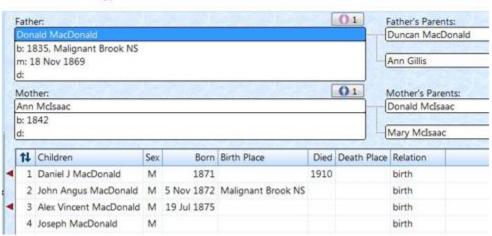


Duncan's Family, son of Pioneer Donald



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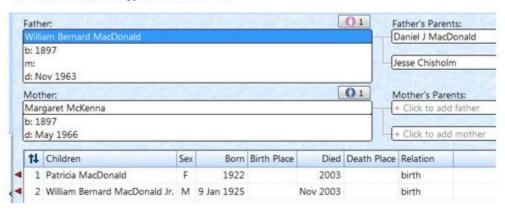
Donald's family, son of Duncan



Daniel's Family, son of Donald

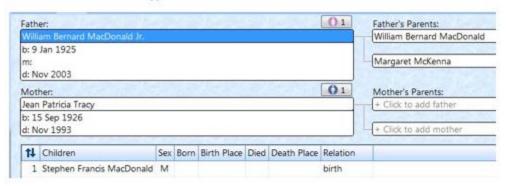


William B's family, son of Daniel

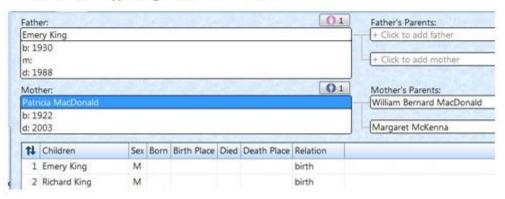


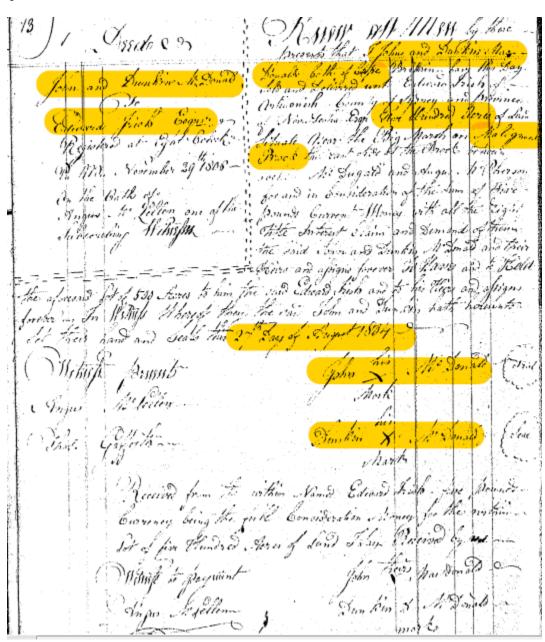
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William B JR.'s family, son of William B.



Patricia's family, daughter of William B.





MacDonald Land Grants

Auld's Cove 1830

Millians

United Kingdom of Great-Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and of the United Church of England and Ireland, on Earth the Supreme Head.

To all to whom there Presents shall come,

GREETING,

KNOW ye that We, of our special grace, certain

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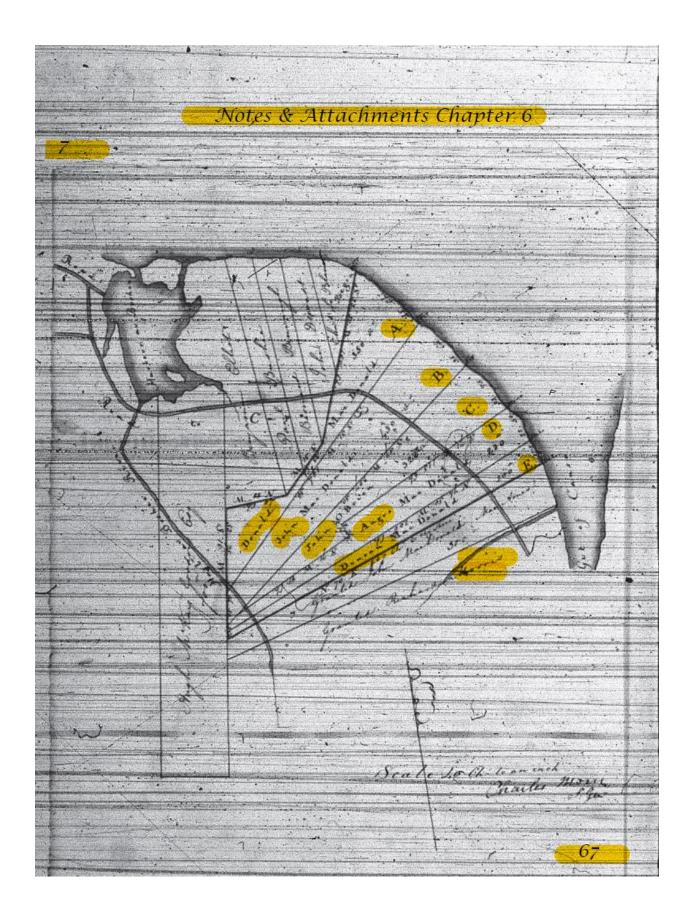
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ING therefor, nate Fig. on Heirs of Successors, or to our Receiver-General for the time being, or to his Deputy or Deputies for the fire of String, that is say I was shiftings, etc. of new year, handred area thereby granted, to commence on the mathammer day after the expiration of two years from the date hereof, and to be paid yearly, and every year; and in default of such payment this grant to be rout; PROV IDEO always, and this present Grant is upon this condition, that the said Grantee, // the heirs or assigns, shall and do, within five paras from the date hereof, for every fifty acros of the land hereby granted, accounted plantable, clear and work three acres at the least in that part of the land granted, which for a hall judge most convenient, or clea shall clear and drain three acres of swampy or sunken grounds, or drain three, acres of marsh, if any such be within the bounds of this grant; and that for every fifty acres accounted barren, the said Grantee, // the heirs or assigns, shall put and keep on the said land, within three acres of every fifty of the improvable land hereby granted shall be fully cleared and incommon or the said land, within three years after the date hereof, an habitable dwelling house, and put on the said land the like number of three neat cattle for every fifty acres.

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and Commander in Chief, in and over our said Province or our reign, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight	e, this Miltereth day of Termba is the Wintly year
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7.00	His Majesty's Quit, Rents, having first received five shillings for every fifty acres contained in said Grant, to each person, above two hundred acres,
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Lineages & Generations Connected Thru YDNA

Dennis Penton		Stephen F MacDonald/Richard C King (Ma.				
Ralph MacDonald	John Howard MacDonald (Aus)	William Bernard MacDonald Jr. (Ma.)				
William C MacDonald	David Bede MacDonald (<u>Aus</u>)	William Bernard MacDonald (Ma.)				
John Neil MacDonald	Angus Thomas MacDonald 1838 to Aus.	Daniel J MacDonald (Massachusetts)				
Little Neil MacDonald	Donald MacDonald Emmigrated to Aus 1838	Donald MacDonald				
Neil MacDonald	Angus MacDonald (Mary Corbett, Porta <u>Bhata</u>)	Duncan MacDonald				
John MacDonald - NS 1790's	Angus Mor MacDonald (Porta Bhata, Scotland)	Donald MacDonald - NS 1790's				

Donald of Stephen/Rick's line, Alexander John & Duncan, are among the 1st grantees in the early 1790's at Malignant Brook.

The settlers built their first catholic church, St. Margaret's of Scotland in Arisaig, 1790/1792. Geographically, Arisaig, Malignant Cove, Malignant Brook & Georgeville are all very close, running into each other. As populations grew in these close pockets, settler families built their own churches – St. George's, Georgeville c 1830 & St. Mary's in Malignant Brook c1840. In this era, a grouping of Scottish families quickly built their church as the center of their activities. In today's economy & with small populations, it's amazing these churches/parishes still exist. In April 2011, St. Mary's in Maryvale (Malignant Brook) was completely destroyed by fire. Within 9 months, the parishioners had rebuilt their church anew – an amazing feat - a testament that the sentiments of those early Scots still lives in today's population in Antigonish county.

From the Glenaladale Settlement in 1772, until the effects of the Passenger Act set in, emigration for Catholic Highlanders was to Scotchfort PEI. Today, standing on the shores along Arisaig, you look across at that Catholic portion of Western PEI, an easy commute across calm waters. To the right & you see nearby Cape Breton with Judique, also springing up in population with Catholic Highlanders. Religious freedom & land were the promise to these early Scot settlers coming to PEI but the arrangement proposed upon their arrival ended up being 99 year leases. As families arrived at PEI in the 1790's, initially they would have to share with their families/friends already there, to survive. Growing families & the unquenched quest for their own land soon had these Catholic Scots leaving to set up the first communities in the land they could see across the water in today's areas of Arisaig & Judique in Cape Breton.

John, Duncan, Donald & Alexander are recognized as Pioneer settlers at Malignant Brook. Donald & Alexander remained in the area. Prior to 1804, John & Duncan relocated to Judique in Cape Breton, selling their 500 acre plot in Malignant Brook to a merchant trading between these communities.

The magic of YDNA has produced some surprises.

- The lineage for Stephen MacDonald & Richard King from Massachusetts connects to the lineage of William C MacDonald from Auld's Cove NS as if they were brothers/first cousins.
- The Lineage for Angus Mor remaining back in Porta Bhata, Loch Moidart Scotland connects to William C's & Stephen/Rick's lineage as brothers/first cousins.
- While John, Duncan, Donald & Alexander came to NS in the 1790's, Angus Mor's family remained in Scotland, until 1838
 when his grandson, Donald, son of Angus married to Mary Corbett, began that family's emigration to Australia.
- John, Duncan, Donald & Alexander were either brothers or first cousins along with Angus Mor back in Porta Bhata, Loch Moidart, Scotland.